

**USC Ch. 2 Review Sheet****Matching****Key Terms**

*Fill in the blank by writing the letter of the correct term below.*

- |                          |                       |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| a. dominion              | g. interdependent     |
| b. Industrial Revolution | h. labor force        |
| c. bilingual             | i. abolitionist       |
| d. boycott               | j. indentured servant |
| e. fossil fuel           | k. immigrant          |
| f. indigenous            | l. tariff             |

- \_\_\_\_ 1. Before the Revolutionary War, the American colonists decided to \_\_\_\_\_, or refuse to buy, British goods.
- \_\_\_\_ 2. A person who wanted to end slavery in the United States was called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.
- \_\_\_\_ 3. After the Industrial Revolution, many poor immigrants joined the \_\_\_\_\_, or supply of workers.
- \_\_\_\_ 4. The \_\_\_\_\_ was the change from making goods by hand to making them by machine.
- \_\_\_\_ 5. a person who has to work for a period of years to gain his or her freedom
- \_\_\_\_ 6. a person who moves from one country to another
- \_\_\_\_ 7. having two official languages
- \_\_\_\_ 8. a self-governing area
- \_\_\_\_ 9. a fee charged on an import

**Multiple Choice**

*Identify the letter of the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.*

**Key Concepts**

- \_\_\_\_ 10. Some scientists think that Native Americans migrated from  
 a. Europe.                      b. Asia.                      c. Spain.                      d. England.
- \_\_\_\_ 11. What was the purpose of the United States Constitution that was approved in 1788?  
 a. It set up the framework of the government.                      c. It inspired many colonists to fight for their independence.  
 b. It officially ended the Revolutionary War.                      d. It demanded an end to the British tariff system.
- \_\_\_\_ 12. Which statement best explains why the Louisiana Purchase of 1803 was important to the development of the United States?  
 a. It created new taxes on imported goods.  
 b. It resulted in immigration from France to the United States.  
 c. It doubled the size of the country.  
 d. It encouraged Native Americans to settle more land in the West.
- \_\_\_\_ 13. Why did some Southern states withdraw from the United States in 1860?  
 a. They wanted to avoid the Civil War.                      c. They wanted to trade freely with Great Britain.  
 b. They didn't believe in Manifest Destiny.                      d. They feared they would have little say in the government.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 14. What was one event that helped make the United States a world power?
- a. The country experienced the Great Depression.
  - b. The country fought in World War I.
  - c. The country signed the Peace of Paris.
  - d. The country fought in the French and Indian War.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15. The United States feared that the Soviets were trying to expand their power throughout the world. This fear resulted in
- a. World War II.
  - b. the Cold War.
  - c. World War I.
  - d. the NAFTA agreement.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 16. As a result of the 1763 Treaty of Paris, Great Britain gained complete control over
- a. Newfoundland.
  - b. Canada.
  - c. Quebec.
  - d. the United States.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 17. What was one important political result of the Canadian constitution of 1982?
- a. Quebec became an independent nation.
  - b. English became the official language of Canada.
  - c. Canada became completely independent.
  - d. A monarchy was established in Canada.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 18. The United States and Canada have worked to solve environmental problems such as water pollution, soil erosion, and
- a. acid rain.
  - b. tariffs on imported goods.
  - c. free trade.
  - d. cultural cooperation.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 19. Why did English settlers come to America?
- a. to find gold
  - b. to become fur traders
  - c. to start a new life
  - d. to become missionaries
- \_\_\_\_\_ 20. Why did American colonists object to the taxes on British goods?
- a. Great Britain was boycotting American-made goods.
  - b. They preferred to buy goods made in France.
  - c. They were being taxed without having any representation in Parliament.
  - d. They wanted to use goods made in America.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 21. How did the doctrine of Manifest Destiny in the United States affect the development of the country in the 1800s?
- a. Many Americans moved westward across the continent to settle new territories.
  - b. Many Americans moved to European countries looking for work.
  - c. Americans encouraged Native Americans to move eastward across the country.
  - d. Americans wanted to develop the eastern coast of the United States.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 22. Why were the Southern states displeased when California was admitted to the Union as a free state?
- a. Slaves were escaping from California to Canada.
  - b. More slaves were needed to work on the Southern plantations.
  - c. The Fugitive Slave Act would not be passed.
  - d. It meant there were more free states than slave states.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 23. After Lincoln's election as President, why did some Southern states withdraw from the United States?
- a. to abolish slavery
  - b. to found a new country
  - c. to establish closer ties with Great Britain
  - d. to become part of Mexico
- \_\_\_\_\_ 24. How did the Industrial Revolution affect the poor in the late 1800s?
- a. The city slums emptied.
  - b. The life of the poor did not improve.
  - c. Poverty was eliminated.
  - d. The life of the poor improved greatly.

- \_\_\_\_ 25. The United States entered the Cold War because it was afraid of
  - a. social problems in other countries.
  - b. another world war with Germany and Japan.
  - c. an economic decline after World War II.
  - d. Soviet expansion throughout the world.
  
- \_\_\_\_ 26. Under the terms of the Treaty of Paris of 1763, which country gained complete control over Canada?
  - a. the United States
  - b. France
  - c. Spain
  - d. Great Britain
  
- \_\_\_\_ 27. As a result of the British North American Act of 1867, Canada had its own
  - a. monarch.
  - b. central government.
  - c. language.
  - d. economy.

**Short Answer**

**Critical Thinking**

- 28. **Making Comparisons** Explain the similarities and differences between the American Revolution and Canada's 'peaceful revolution.' What did each revolution accomplish?

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- 29. **Making Comparisons** Explain the similarities and differences between how the Spanish and French dealt with the indigenous peoples in North America.

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